DE	EPTH ft	C O R E	LITHOLOGY	ЕРОСН	STAGE	AGE (ZONE)	BIOSTRATIGRAPHIC NOTES
m	ıt	E 1 2	Coccolith-Foram ooze  Coccolith-Foram ooze	Quaternary Quaternary			Gephyrocapsa; insufficient material for foraminiferal examination  Gephyrocapsa; insufficient material for
-		- 3					foraminiferal examination
-	100	4	Coccolith-Foram ooze  Coccolith-Foram ooze with carbonate silt	Quaternary		Globorotalia truncatulinoides	Abundant calacreous nannofossils; rich assemblage of planktonic forams and rare Radiolaria.  Rare to abundant calcareous nannofossils; Rare to abundant foraminifera, often with numerous benthonics
			fragments <i>Qtz-</i> Mica-Kao-Plag-Dolo.			Zone (N22 of Blow)	which appear to be displaced; mixed low and middle latitude Radiolaria, Tripylean species often present.
-	- 200						
-		6	Coccolith-Foram ooze	Quaternary		Globorotalia truncatulinoides Zone (N22 of Blow)	Coccolithus cricotus, Discoaster brouweri (very rare), Gephyrocapsa (rare)
-	- 300						
<del>-1</del> 00							
-	<b>-</b> 400						
-	-500						
-							
-	<b>-</b> 600						
-			Mixed (clay) and calcareous sediments  Montm. Qtz. Kao. Mica	late Mio. to middle Pliocene			Common to abundant calcareous nannofossils poor and dwarfed foraminiferal faunas; benthonics present.
-		7	Mixed clays and calcareous sediments  Montm. Qtz. Kao. Mica	(probably early Plio.) late Mio. to early Pliocene			Abundant calcareous nannofossils including  Ceratolithus tricorniculatus; forams as for barrel 7.
-	<b>-</b> 700						
-							
-	_ 800						
-							
-	<b>–</b> 900						
_ 300							
	<b>-</b> 1000	9	clay Montm. Qtz. Kao. Mica. (Rhod.)  Clay Montm. Qtz. Kao. Mica				Barren
-		10	(Rhod.)				
-	<b>–</b> 1100						
-							
-	1200						
-							
400	<b>-</b> 1300						
-							
	1400						
-							
-	_1500						
			Olive-gray Clay	-			Barren
-	1600	11	Montm. Qtz. Kao. Mica Rhod  Olive-gray clay Montm. Qtz. Chlor. Mica				Barren
- 500	-		Montm. Qtz. Chlor. Mica Kao				
-	_1700						
-	100						
-							
	1800						
-							
	_1900						
<b>-</b> 600							
-	_ 2000						
-							
-	_2100						
-	-2200						
-		Al	Zeolitic Clay with some siliceous microfossils; red-brown hues Clin. Qtz. Kao. Mica	Eocene	middle	Approx. H. aragonensis Zone	In situ Radiolarian fauna generally poor (Sethampora mongolfieri, Podocyrtis sp. A)
<b>-</b> 700 _	_2300						
-							
-	_2400						
-							
-	_2500 /	A2	Zeolitic clay with some calcareous and siliceous microfossils; red-brown hues Cris. Clin. Paly. Qtz	Cretaceous (Senoman)			Characteristic upper Cretaceous calcareous nannofossils; benthonics common; poorly preserved Radiolaria
-		A3	Cris. Clin. Paly. Qtz  Zeolitic clay with some calcareous and siliceous microfossils; red-brown hues Cris. Clin. Qtz	Cretaceous	upper		Small lump containing calcareous nannofossils probably caved from some level above barrel A3; Foraminifera absent, Radiolaria as for barrel A2.
-	_ 2600					STI lat. Dep	
_800	2600					STRATIGRAPHIC SUMMARY CHART lat. 32°46.4′N long. 59°11.7′W Wat Depth of penetration 491.6 m (Hole 9) 835.5 m (Hole 9.	
-			Zeolitic clay with some calcareous and siliceous microfossils; red brown hues	Cretaceous	upper	long. 59°11.7'W Water de tion 491.6 m (Hole 9) 835.5 m (Hole 9A)	Calcareous nannofossils absent; Foraminifera absent; Radiolaria sparse and poorly preserved.
-	_2700	A4 A5	Cris. Clin.  Zeolitic clay with some calcareous and siliceous microfossils; red-brown hues; Mn nodules Qtz Cris Clin. Hem.  Igneous rock fragments	Cretaceous	upper	Water depth 4965 m.  ole 9) ole 9A)	As for barrel A4; catcher contains a reliatively rich and well-preserved radiolarian fauna (Dictyomitra spp. Pseudoaulophacus sp.) ?possibly slumped.
495			probably slumped fossiliferous sediment				